- D See G**√**13 A preposition is needed to complete the modifying phrase. (A), (B), and (C) contain clause markers.
- 14. A See G✓27 Inverted subject-verb word order is needed after the special expression *not only*. Incorrect word order is used in (B), (C), and (D).
- 15. B See G✓17 An -ing modifying phrase is needed. (A) and (D) would create main clauses. Two main clauses cannot be joined only by a comma. (C) contains a prepositional phrase that does not fit the meaning of the sentence.
- 16. A See G**✓**18 An infinitive is incorrectly formed. Correction: To make
- C See G✓20 A verb form is used where a noun form is needed. Correction: shapes
- 18. B See G¥6 A singular noun is used where a plural noun is needed. Correction: millions
- 19. B See G**√**20 A noun form is used where a verb form is needed. Correction: fails
- 20. A See G**✓**18 A gerund is used where a regular noun is needed. Correction: preference
- 21. D See G✓5 A masculine pronoun adjective is used where a feminine one is needed to refer to Mary Rowlandson. Correction: her
- 22. C See G**√**20 An adjective form is used where an adverb form is needed. Correction: strategically
- 23. B See G**✓**24 The equative form *so . . . as* is incorrectly formed. Correction: as are
- 24. C See G**√**30 On the contrary is not parallel in meaning to on the one hand. Correction: on the other hand
- 25. A See G**√**7 A nonfinite verb form is used where a finite verb form is needed. Correction: provides
- 26. B See G**√**10 An infinitive is used after a modal. Modals are not followed by infinitives. Correction: be
- 27. B See G✓11 The plural subject, *cabinets and furniture*, doesn't agree in number with the verb *is*. Correction: are

- 28. A See G✓18 A gerund is used where a regular noun form is needed. Correction: recommendations
- 29. B See G✓6 A singular noun is used where a plural noun is needed. Correction: 100 feet long
- 30. A See G**√**29 The second half of a paired expression (*neither*...nor) is incorrect. Correction: nor
- 31. D See G**v**30 The pronoun *none* is used where an adjective is needed. Correction: no
- 32. C See G**✓**20 A verb form is used where a noun form is needed. Correction: design
- 33. D See G**√**12 There are two objects (*it* and *increasing*) for the preposition *for*. Correction: for
- 34. D See G**√**30 *Similar* is confused with *the same*. Correction: same
- 35. B See G**✓**12 An incorrect preposition is used. Correction: to
- 36. B See G**✓**18 An infinitive is incorrectly formed. Correction: to split
- 37. A See G**✓**30 The first half of the expression *so* . . . *that* is incorrect. Correction: so
- 38. C See G**✓**26 Inverted word order is used after *how* when it is not needed. Correction: her work would be
- 39. A See G**√**29 The second half of the expression *from* . . . *to* is incorrectly formed. Correction: to
- 40. B See G✓7 and G✓9 The present perfect passive is incorrectly formed. A form of the verb *have* is needed. Correction: has been given

## 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 Section 3

## Reading Comprehension

1. A See R**√**3

The correct answer is (A) because this idea is central to the passage. Answers (B), (C), and (D) are too general to be the topic of this passage and are mentioned in the passage only in relation to the kangaroo rat.

Practice Test Answer Key 10

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