

26. A See R✓4
The point that the author is making in lines 3–15 is the contrast of the old literature to the new literature. The repetition of the phrase *no longer* introduces each supporting detail; the use of *indeed* adds emphasis to one example—the contrast of the literary forms of the past and the new American literature.
27. A See R✓5
Clues to the reference to “these years” in line 15 is found at the beginning of the passage *the last half of the 19th century* (line 2), which set the time frame for the introduction of the new American literature that is described in the passage. The last half of the 19th century includes the years 1865–1900.
28. C See R✓7
The correct answer (C) can be inferred by using the clues in lines 15–19: . . . *the condition Walt Whitman called for in 1867 in describing Leaves of Grass: it treats, he said of his own major work, . . .* The passage states that Walt Whitman’s description of *Leaves of Grass* is a description of his own major work (his own book). (A) and (D) cannot be inferred from the passage. (B) is untrue according to the passage—Whitman called for the condition which the new literature fulfilled, implying that he approved of it.
29. A See R✓7
The correct answer (A) can be inferred from the last lines of the passage *Just as America learned to play a role in this half century as an autonomous international political, economic, and military power, so did its literature establish itself as a producer of major works*. These lines show that literature was also esteemed as an American contribution on the international scene. The other answers are true according to the passage: (B) lines 3–14, (C) lines 4–6, and (D) lines 19–22.
30. B See R✓7
The topic of the passage is literature, specifically, American literature. Therefore (B) is the logical academic course in which it would be read.
31. A See R✓4
The correct answer (A) is found in lines 3–4 *But Boone already exemplified the pioneer at his best*. The rest of the passage describes the character and exploits of Boone. This is restated in (A) as . . . *chronicle the life of a model pioneer*. (B) is not true according to the passage, which tries to present Boone’s positive and negative characteristics. Neither (C) nor (D) is the main purpose of the passage. Parts of the passage related to (C) and (D) are an elaboration of specific aspects of Boone’s life.
32. C See R✓2
The immediate context of “surge” in *the surge of emigrants along the Oregon Trail . . .* gives us the image of the movement of people along a highway. The answer choice that relates to movement is (C) *rush*.
33. C See R✓7
The correct answer (C) can be inferred by noting the examples of Boone’s dealings in land given throughout the passage and the key words used in describing these dealings. In lines 10–21: *Boone was recruited . . . to undertake a scheme . . . He arranged a deal . . . the scheme . . . was declared illegal and Boone lost his land*. In lines 22–23 . . . *he staked out more claims—and lost them because he impatiently neglected to register his deeds*. He was successful in (A) lines 17–19; (B) lines 26–27; (D) lines 19–20.
34. A See R✓2
The context of the phrase “fair and square” in the passage is a real estate transaction. The words *fair* and *square* have a positive connotation, and it is mentioned in lines 14 and 15 that an attorney and an interpreter as well as the Indians’ wives were present. In can be concluded that answer choice (A) *honest* is the correct answer.
35. B See R✓7
The correct answer (B) can be inferred from paragraph three. Paragraph two states that Boone lost all his land in Kentucky, which would be a reason for unhappiness. However, in paragraph three very positive words are used to describe Boone’s later life: *undaunted; ever hopeful; Old and broke, Boone cheerfully continued hunting and trapping . . . ; Shortly before he died, he was talking knowledgeably about the joys to be experienced in settling California*. (A), (C), and (D) are not true according to the passage.
36. C See R✓6
The correct answer (C) is found in lines 10–11 *Kentucky* and lines 13–17 *Boonesboro*.
37. A See R✓6
The correct answer (A) is found in lines 10–11 *There Boone was recruited at age 40 to undertake a scheme designed to open up Kentucky to settlers and establish it as a 14th colony*, and line 13 . . . *to Boone’s employers, the Transylvania Company*. (B) and (C) are incorrect because they were Boone’s own ideas and (D) is incorrect because the Spanish invited Boone to come to Missouri.