Passive 1 (is done / was done)

Study this example:

Unit

42

A



This house was built in 1935.

Was built is *passive*.

Compare active and passive:

Somebody built this house in 1935. (active) subject

This house subject was built in 1935. (passive)

When we use an active verb, we say what the subject does:

□ My grandfather was a builder. He built this house in 1935.

□ It's a big company. It employs two hundred people.

When we use a passive verb, we say what happens to the subject:

□ This house is quite old. It was built in 1935.

□ Two hundred people are employed by the company.

When we use the passive, who or what causes the action is often unknown or unimportant:

- A lot of money was stolen in the robbery. (somebody stole it, but we don't know who)
- □ Is this room cleaned every day? (does somebody clean it? it's not important who)

If we want to say who does or what causes the action, we use by ... :

- □ This house was built by my grandfather.
- □ Two hundred people are employed by the company.

The passive is be (is/was etc.) + *past participle* (done/cleaned/seen etc.): (be) done (be) cleaned (be) damaged (be) built (be) seen etc.

For irregular past participles (done/seen/known etc.), see Appendix 1.

Study the active and passive forms of the *present simple* and *past simple*:

Present simple							
active: $clean(s) / see(s)$ etc.	Somebody cleans this room every day.						
passive: am/is/are + cleaned/seen etc.	This room is cleaned every day.						
□ Many accidents are caused by careless driving.							
□ I'm not often invited to parties.							
□ How is this word pronounced?							
Past simple							
active: cleaned/saw etc.	Somebody cleaned this room yesterday.						
to the							
passive: was/were + cleaned/seen etc.	This room was cleaned yesterday.						
□ We were woken up by a loud noise during the night.							
□ 'Did you go to the party?' 'No, I wasn't invited.'							
□ How much money was stolen in the robbery?							

Passive $2-3 \rightarrow \text{Units } 42-43$ By $\rightarrow \text{Unit } 128$

B

С

Exercises

Unit 42

42.1	Complete	the sentences us	ing one of the	se verbs in th	ne correct f	form, present or past:	
	cause		hold		make		
	overta			translate	write		
	 Many accidents <u>are caused</u> by dangerous driving. Cheese <u>from milk.</u> The roof of the building <u>in a storm a few days ago.</u> You <u>to the wedding. Why didn't you go?</u> A cinema is a place where films <u>every four years.</u> In the United States, elections for president <u>every four years.</u> Originally the book <u>in Feelick</u> 						
	8 Although we were driving quite fast, we by a lot of other ca						
					by trees.		
42.2	Write que	stions using the	passive. Some a	are present a	nd some a	re past.	
	 Ask about glass. (how / make?) How is glass made? Ask about television. (when / invent?) 						
	5 Ask abo	out silver. (what	/ use for?)				
42.3	Put the ve	rb into the corre	et form. preser	nt simple or u	oast simple	e, active or passive.	
		g factory. Five hı					
	2 Did s	somebody clean	(somebody /	clean) this ro	om vesterd	loy) mere.	
	3 Water		(cover) r	most of the e	arth's surfa		
		uch of the earth'					
		k gates				•	
		-			-	(arrive) yesterday.	
						. Fortunately everybody	
			(rescue).				
	8 Richard	l's parents		(die) when	he was ve	ery young. He and his sister	
					-		
		orn in London, b					
			-			teal) from my hotel room.	
	 11 While I was on holiday, my camera						
	13 Why						
	 14 The company is not independent. It						
	 (call) an ambulance but nobod (injure), so the ambulance (not / need). Where (these photographs / take)? In London 						
		nes it's quite nois					
		*					
42.4					hey, peopl	e etc., write a passive sentence.	
		dy cleans the ro				aned every day.	
		incelled all flights					
		don't use this roa					
		o people learn la					